Camp Gan Izzy - Physical Environment (Workplace Safety, Learning and Administration) Policy

NQS

QA2	2.3.2	Every reasonable precaution is taken to protect children from harm and any hazard likely to cause	
		injury.	

QA3	3.1.1	Outdoor and indoor spaces, buildings, furniture, equipment, facilities and resources are suitable for their purpose
	3.1.2	Premises, furniture and equipment are safe, clean and well maintained
	3.1.3	Facilities are designed or adapted to ensure access and participation by every child in the service and to allow flexible use, and interaction between indoor and outdoor space.
	3.2.1	Outdoor and indoor spaces are designed and organised to engage every child in quality experiences in both built and natural environments.
	3.2.2	Resources, materials and equipment are sufficient in number, organised in ways that ensure appropriate and effective implementation of the program and allow for multiple uses

QA6	6.1.1	There is an effective enrolment and orientation process for families
	6.1.2	Families have opportunities to be involved in the service and contribute to service decisions
	6.1.3	Current information about the service is available to families
	6.2.1	The expertise of families is recognised and they share in decision making about their child's learning and wellbeing.
	6.2.2	Current information is available to families about community services and resources to support parenting and family wellbeing.
	6.3.1	Links with relevant community and support agencies are established and maintained.
	6.3.2	Continuity of learning and transitions for each child are supported by sharing relevant information and clarifying responsibilities.
	6.3.3	Access to inclusion and support assistance is facilitated
	6.3.4	The service builds relationships and engages with their local community.

National Regulations

Regs	182	Tobacco, drug and alcohol free environment
	156	Relationships in groups
	103	Premises, furniture and equipment to be safe, clean and in good repair
	104	Fencing and security
	105	Furniture, materials and equipment
	106	Laundry and hygiene facilities
	107	Space requirements—indoor

108	Space requirements—outdoor space
109	Toilet and hygiene facilities
110	Ventilation and natural light
111	Administrative space
112	Nappy change facilities
113	Outdoor space—natural environment
114	Outdoor space—shade
115	Premises designed to facilitate supervision
116	Assessments of family day care residences and approved family day care venues
117	Glass (additional requirement for family day care
73	Educational programs
74	Documenting of child assessments or evaluations for delivery of educational program
75	Information about the educational program to be kept available
76	Information about educational program to be given to parents
80	Weekly menu
86	Notification to parents of incident, injury, trauma and illness
99	Children leaving the education and care service premises
102	Authorisation for excursions
111	Administrative space (centre-based services)
168(2)(k)	Policies and procedures are required in relation to enrolment and orientation
171	Policies and procedures to be kept available

Aim

To provide a physical environment that is safe, appealing, constructive, well-maintained and welcoming to all individuals who use it.

Related Policies

Health and Safety Policy
Emergency and Evacuation Policy
Enrolment Policy
Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Policy
Medical Conditions Policy
Interactions with Children Policy

Who is affected by this policy?

Children Families Educators Management

Implementation

In relation to our physical environment, the service will:

- Provide an environment that fosters children's learning, development and safety and the safety of others in the environment by:
 - Providing appropriately sized furniture and equipment in both the indoor and outdoor settings for the age ranges represented in the service.
 - Providing challenges in relation to indoor and outdoor elements in the environment to encourage appropriate challenges and risk taking as per each child's developmental level.
 - Providing an environment that is well organised so children, educators and others in the environment can generally move around without having to disrupt other children's activities.
 - Incorporating any specific requirements of children with additional needs as seamlessly as possible.
 - Providing an environment that allows children in various moods to exist in the same space (e.g. quiet play areas and loud play areas)
 - Providing experiences for children to interact with nature by including natural elements (e.g. plants, trees, gardens, rock, mud or water) in our outdoor environment
 - As part of our sun protection strategy, providing adequate shading as per the recommendations of recognised authorities.
 - Establishing the environment to allow children to be appropriately supervised at all times.
 - Fencing the area in order to provide safety.
 - Engaging the children in a wide variety of indoor and outdoor experiences.
 - Enabling the children to access appropriate furniture, resources, materials, toys and equipment. These resources will be adequate in number for the amount of children attending our service and be developmentally appropriate.
 - Providing an environment where children can explore, solve problems, create, construct and engage in critical thinking that is developmentally appropriate for the ages represented in the service.
 - Providing an environment that allows children to engage in activities independently or work in small groups and access resources independently.
 - Providing an environment that encourages large and small groups and independent activities.
 - Providing adequate and accessible hand-washing, toileting and eating facilities as
 per the amount of children attending our service. In relation to toileting and handwashing, these will be accessible from both our indoor and outdoor environments.
 - Establishing an environment that incorporates natural and artificial lighting, appropriate ventilation, heating and cooling and fresh air.
 - Provide appropriate areas for food preparation.
 - Provide quiet areas where children can rest.
 - Providing a space for administrative functions, consultation with children's parents and for private conversations to take place.
 - Compiling details of maintenance logs and records of building and equipment.

Arrangements for Laundering of Soiled Items

The laundry area includes hot & cold water and dryer supply for the laundering of soiled cloths.

Choosing Appropriate Resources and Equipment

- The Approved Provider will be ultimately responsible for any purchases of equipment.
- Carers will compile a list for the Approved Provider of equipment which needs maintenance on a prioritised basis annually.
- Resources and equipment will be chosen to reflect the cultural diversity of the service's community and the cultural diversity of contemporary Australia, including the incorporation of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community.
- The service will actively seek the input of parents/guardians regarding toys and equipment at the service.
- All new equipment will be checked against Australian Safety Standards.
- Children will be carefully introduced to new toys & pieces of equipment and taught how to use and care for them appropriately.
- Equipment that should only be used under supervision will be stored in a safe place pursuant to the relevant policies.
- The use of pools and toys or equipment which involves the use of water will be used under the direct supervision of educators. All equipment will be emptied of water when not in use, and stored in such a manner that it cannot collect water.
- Children will only use a trampoline whilst under the direct supervision of an adult carer.
- Equipment will be checked regularly by the carers to ensure it is in a clean and safe condition.
- All equipment purchased for the service will be within budget limitations.

On-going Maintenance

- The service will consistently reflect on its environment and put in place a plan to ensure that the environment continuously reflects our ideology of providing an environment that is safe, stimulating and engaging for all who interact with it.
- It is the responsibility of the Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor to complete a Building Safety Checklist of the service and its grounds bi-annually and ensure any work deemed necessary is done to Australian standards. The Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor will also ensure that the service and its grounds comply with Local Government and BCA regulations in regards to fire ventilation, natural and artificial lighting and safety glass.

Should the service undertake major renovations, management plans will be put in place
to ensure that the safety of educators, children, families and others at the service is not
compromised.

The Children's Groupings

Our service groups the children throughout the day in rooms according to their age and/or developmental stage. Within that space, there are different areas where the children can explore and experience their own moods. For example, each room allows for a quiet play space, such as our book corner and a loud/physical play space such as the block area. Our outdoor environment also allows for children in different moods to be in the environment. Our outdoor table and chairs allows for children to engage in quiet activities while our tennis court and sandpit allows for children to engage in physical activities.

In order for children to interact with the children and educators from other rooms in the service, in the morning we have open play time, where all children attending the service are located together.

Safety Checks

A daily inspection of the premises will be undertaken before children begin to arrive. This inspection will include the:

- Perimeters
- Fences
- Gates
- Paths
- Buildings
- All rooms accessible by children
- Fixed equipment.

This must to be done in order to premeditate any dangerous objects in the grounds ranging from sharps to poisonous or dangerous flora and fauna.

In the event of a sharp object being found (for example a syringe) carers will wear gloves and use tongs to pick up the object and place it in the 'sharp object box'. This box will be disposed of as per the recommendations of our local council.

Similarly, trees in the grounds must be checked regularly for overhanging, dead or dangerous looking branches as well as check for any infestations or nests.

In regards to non-fixed play equipment in the service grounds it can be no more than one metre high and will not obstruct the sightlines of supervisory carers.

The service will also regularly have pest inspections carried out by an accreditation pest control company. Documentation of these inspections will be kept and any findings from the pest control check will be carried out in line with the recommendation of the pest control company.

The Indoor and Outdoor Daily Safety Checklists will be used as the procedure to conduct these safety checks. A record of these will be kept by the service. Any required maintenance will immediately be reported by the Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor who will make the appropriate arrangements to have repairs carried out.

Checklist: Outdoor

- Building maintenance regularly maintain and check for hazards, check building is in a safe, clean and hygienic condition. Records of any damages and subsequent repairs are kept.
- Dust mites, pet allergens regular dusting and vacuuming.

- Fences off securely and effectively all sides of outdoor play areas from roads, water hazards, and driveways. Maintain fences have correct height. Install childproof self locking devices on gates.
- **Garbage** safe and prompt disposal. Use lidded secure bins that prevent child access and maintain in a clean and safe condition. Encourage recycling.
- Garden and renovation debris removed. Regularly trim branches and bushes.
- Garages and sheds keep locked.
- Heating, cooling, ventilation, lighting comfortable, safe, maintained, guarded and are kept out of reach of children.
- **Hygienic**, regularly cleaned and maintained conditions protect against vermin, bacteria, mildew, lead, asbestos and other dust allergens.
- Non-slip floors, stairs, steps, grounds and nonporous indoor floors for easy cleaning.
- Renovation dangers e.g. lead, asbestos, holes and excavations reduce risks.
- **Pesticide** residue dangerous chemicals should not be used to remove vermin.
- Safety glass is installed according to the Australian Standards on all glass doors and windows accessible to children, and safety decals on both sliding doors and plate glass doors at child and adult eye level.
- Security minimising unauthorised access with appropriate fencing and locks.
- Spills clean away as they occur.
- Under Service access (including buildings on stilts and footings) lock or block access.

Checklist - Indoor

- Access for children and adults with disability ensure safe access into, within and out
 of the Service, security, toilet and washing facilities, and check for hazards for
 wheelchairs and people with impaired sight, hearing or mobility.
- **Barriers** age appropriate, child proof, self locking barriers to balconies, stairways, kitchen, bathroom, laundry, garage, other levels in the Service, front and back garden.
- Children at risk maintain extra security and supervision for children at special risk.
- Choking hazards e.g. small toy parts, beads, nuts, blind and curtain cords, plastic bags, sandwich bags and balloons.
- **Decorations and children's artwork** do not place near ceiling fans, air conditioners or heaters. Avoid use of tacks, pins, and staples.
- **Emergency evacuation** develop an evacuation plan and emergency contact numbers display, inform families, and practice evacuation procedures.
- **Fire** fire blanket, extinguisher, fire exits, smoke detectors, electrical safety switch.
- **First aid** kit with approved contents is maintained and accessible. Ensure First Aid certificates are current for relevant educators.
- Furniture and nursery equipment stable, maintained and meets safety standards.
- Guard and make inaccessible to Children: heaters, coolers, fireplaces, stoves, microwaves, power points, and office equipment. Ensure heaters are away from children's cots.

- Hazardous indoor and outdoor plants identify, remove or make inaccessible to children.
- Heaters ensure that children cannot come in contact with hot surfaces. It is preferable
 to use heating where combustion products are ducted outside. If gas heating is used
 ensure there is adequate ventilation while the heater is operating.
- **Hot water** ensure the hot water supply is regulated so as to keep it below the temperature at which a child can be scalded (the current KidSafe recommendation is below 43.5°C).
- **Machinery, tools and equipment** ensure all engine operated or other hazardous equipment, tool or machinery are stored securely and are inaccessible to children.
- Noise reduce excessive exposure.
- Non-slip, non-porous floors, stairs.
- Pets and animals inform families of pets being kept on premises and plans to obtain new pets. Ensure pets are vaccinated, wormed, don't have fleas, clean, and healthy.
 Keep pet accessories such as pet food, litter boxes, pet toys away from children.
 Exclude dogs from children's play areas. Keep children-pet interactions minimal and supervise interaction times.
- Record details and notify parents of any child accident.
- Safe play rules and adequate play spaces: discourage running indoors and safe furniture layout to avoid collisions.
- Safety glass used and installed according to Australian Standards, and Australian
 Building Codes on all glass doors and windows accessible to children, safety decals on
 sliding doors and plate glass doors at child and adult eye level.
- Security ensure all entry doors are locked at all times and place bells on doors.
- **Ventilation** ensure that indoor spaces are well ventilated and have adequate natural light and are maintained in a temperature that is safe and reasonable.
- Toilet and hygiene facilities- ensure that adequate and appropriate toilet, hand washing, bathing and drying facilities are provided. And the location and design of the toilet, hand washing, bathing and drying facilities enable safe use by the children. Ensure that is convenient access to toilet, hand washing and drying facilities from the indoor and outdoor spaces. Refer to Health and safety policy.
- Food and beverage storage-ensure adequate facilities for the safe handling, preparation, storage and disposal of food and beverages. Refer to Health and safety policy.
- Smoke free environment in all areas.
- Carers personal items ensure carer's personal items such as bags, sharp instruments, toiletries and medicines are kept secure and are inaccessible to children.
- **Stairways,** ramps, corridors, hallway, external balcony must be enclosed to prevent a child falling.
- **Store in locked cabinet** any unsafe items, e.g. chemicals, medicines, razors, knives and electrical equipment.
- Supervision and visibility of children ensure children are visible and supervised at all times. High risk areas are children in high chairs, playpens and play areas. Have at least two carers on premises at all times with vision of each other and the children.
- Toys meet safety standards, age appropriate, maintained, and non-toxic.

Cleaning of Buildings, Premises, Furniture and Equipment

General Cleaning

The service will use structured cleaning schedules to ensure that all cleaning is carried out regularly and thoroughly. Educators will clean the service at the end of each day and throughout the day as the need arises. Accidents and spills will be cleaned up as quickly as possible to ensure that the service always maintains a high level of cleanliness and hygiene.

When purchasing, storing and/or using any dangerous chemicals, substances, medicines or equipment, our service will:

- Select and make use of the least hazardous substance or equipment.
- Only purchase and make use of substances which have child resistant lids or caps.
 Educators will ensure that such lids or caps are properly fixed at all times.
- Adhere at all times to manufacturer's advice and instructions when using products to clean furniture and equipment at the service.
- Store all dangerous chemicals, substances and medicines in their original containers
 provided by the manufacturer. All labels and/or use by dates should be kept intact at all
 times. Any substance found to be stored in a different container than originally
 provided, or with destroyed labels and/or unknown use by dates where appropriate will
 not be used under any circumstances. Containers should be disposed of correctly
 following local council guidelines, and not reused under any circumstances.
- All dangerous chemicals, substances and equipment must be stored in a locked place or facility which is labelled, secure and inaccessible to children. These materials may include, but are not limited to, all cleaning materials, detergents, poisonous or dangerous substances, dangerous tools and equipment including those with sharp and razor edges and toiletries.
- Carers should follow the instructions of manufacturers, particularly of any product which
 may need to be stored in a refrigerated environment pursuant to the aforementioned
 directives.
- Particularly dangerous and hazardous materials such as pesticides, herbicides, petroleum, kerosene, solvents and equipment which is operated by an engine or hazardous to children, will be stored in a locked facility external to the main building of the service. The facility must have a bonded floor and be inaccessible to children and clearly labelled as storing dangerous substances and/or equipment. Such facilities should be separate from children's play or outdoor environments.
- All hazardous containers and equipment should be properly discarded pursuant to local council guidelines.
- Appropriate personal protective clothing should be worn pursuant to the manufacturer's instructions when using and disposing of hazardous substances or equipment.

- Seek medical advice immediately if poisoning or potentially hazardous ingestion, inhaled, skin or eye exposure has occurred, or call the Poisons Information Line on 131126, or call an Ambulance on 000.
- In the case of any child or carer becoming injured by a chemical, substance or
 equipment, the service will initiate our emergency, medical and first aid procedures,
 notify the appropriate authority that administers workplace health and safety
 immediately and any other person or authority as required by regulations or guidelines.
- In any major emergency involving a hazardous chemical or equipment, a hazardous gas or a fire or explosion hazard, call the emergency services, dial 000 and notify the appropriate authority that administers workplace health and safety and any other person or authority as required by regulations or guidelines.

Minimising Potentially Dangerous Substances

Our service also implements the concept of minimising the use of potentially dangerous substances. Ordinary detergents will be used to help remove dirt from surfaces. multiple sponges (e.g., pink for the kitchen, yellow for the bathroom) will be used in order to not cross-contaminate areas. Different rubber gloves will also be used in each room. Before returning to the children educators will wash and dry hands.

Disinfectants

Disinfectants are usually unnecessary as very few germs can survive exposure to fresh air and natural light. In an outbreak situation, public health units may specify the use of a particular disinfectant. In this situation, for the disinfectant to work effectively, there still needs to be thorough cleaning using a detergent beforehand.

Essentially, there is no ideal disinfectant. Disinfectants cannot kill germs if the surface is not clean. It is more important to ensure:

Surfaces have been cleaned with detergent and warm water than to use a disinfectant. To kill germs, any disinfectant needs:

- A clean surface to be able to get to the germ.
- To be able to act against those particular germs.
- To be of the right concentrate.
- Enough time to kill the germs, this is at least 10 minutes.

Even when all of these conditions are met a disinfectant will not kill all the germs present.

Detergents

Proper cleaning with detergent and warm water, followed by rising then drying and airing time kills most germs from surfaces as they are unable to multiply in a clean environment. Cleaning equipment should be stored and taken care of so it can dry between uses and not multiply germs itself.

Poison Safety Checklist

Week beginning.	Week	beginning:		
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Checklist	Yes	No	Action required
Have all chemical products been checked to			
determine if they need to be stored in a lockable			
cupboard?			
Have all chemical products been checked to			
determine if they require disposal (out of date or			
no longer required)?			
Are all chemicals labelled correctly?			
Are food and chemicals stored separately?			
Are all Material Data Forms available for all			
chemicals in the Service and placed with the			
chemical?			
MSDS Register available?			
MSDS Register Current?			
Are low toxicity products used whenever possible?			
If any handbags contain medication, are they			
stored safely?			
Is the Poisons Information Centre number			
available at every phone? (13 11 26)			
Is there any paint flaking of the walls that may			
contain lead?			
Have all poisonous plants been removed from the			
Service's premises?			
Have families been provided with information on			
poison safety?			
Have chemical storage areas been labelled with			
chemicals stored here signs?			
Medication is stored in locked			
containers/cupboard?			

Carers	Name:		 	
Carers S	Signature	: <u> </u>		

Cleaning Schedule

Cicarring Scriedaic	Wash DAILY plus when visibly soiled	Wash WEEKLY plus When visibly soiled
Bathrooms. Wash tap handles, toilet seats, toilet handles and door knobs. Check the bathroom during the day and clean if obviously soiled.	✓	
Toys and objects put in the mouth	1	
Surfaces the children have frequent contact with, for example, bench tops, taps, cots and tables.	✓	
Mattress covers and linen, if each child does not use the same mattress cover every day.	1	
Door knobs	1	
Floors.	1	
Low shelves.		1
Other surfaces often touched by children		✓

Clothing

Carers clothing should be washed daily. Carers should wear aprons or something similar to cover clothing that cannot frequently be washed. Carers should also have a change of clothes available in case of accidents. Dress-up and play clothes should be washed once a week in hot water and detergent.

Toy Cleaning

Carers will regularly clean the children's equipment and toys. Toys, especially in the rooms of the younger children, are to be washed daily so as to avoid the spread of disease. Carers will wash a toy immediately if it has been sneezed on, mouthed, soiled or if it has been discarded after play by a child who has been unwell. The service will have washable toys for the younger children.

Refer to the following toy cleaning schedule for toys on display in the children's rooms.

Recommended cleaning materials:

Please use child friendly cleaners such as Bicarb, vinegar diluted 1:10 in water, tea tree, lavender or eucalyptus oil diluted 5 drops to 500ml water, lemon juice or plain water. Please rinse in water after cleaning.

Other items that may be necessary include a sponge cloth, a toothbrush or cotton wool.

General:

- Most toys can be washed with normal dishwashing liquid, rinsing with clean water.
- Get into corners with a toothbrush. Please dry well.
- Leaving items such as LEGO and construction blocks to drain on a clean tea-towel overnight is ideal.

Wooden Toys:

Should be wiped over with a damp cloth – please do not immerse in water.

Play Dough

Service will reduce the risk of the spread of disease when playing with play dough by:

- Encouraging hand washing before and after using play dough
- Storing the play dough in a sealed container between uses
- Making a new batch of play dough each week, and
- If there is an outbreak of vomiting and/or diarrhoea, discarding the playdough at the end of each day during the outbreak.

Ride-on Vehicles and Outdoor Toys:

- Must be cleaned.
- Please take care not leave them exposed to the elements as this reduces their lifespan.

Puzzles and Games:

- Wooden puzzles as per 'Wooden Toys' above.
- Cardboard should be wiped over with a slightly damp cloth.

Packaging:

Please help us by:

- Packing small pieces in bags provided. This makes them easier to count when returned
- Using elastic bands to contain similar items (like railway tracks).

- Completing puzzles before returning where practical.
- Alerting Volunteers to plastic bags which may be deteriorating.

Kitchens

- Children must not gain access to any harmful substance, equipment or amenity
- The kitchen has a door, to prevent unsupervised entry by children into the kitchen.

Maintenance of Fire Equipment

All fire equipment at our service will be maintained as per the legal standards. Our equipment will be checked as required as per the timeframes below.

Key							
Inspection Procedure of Fire Safety Installations (F.S.I)	 Inspect for obvious visual faults. Inspect for faults and witness test of F.S.I by a competent person Inspect for faults where possible and accept logbook details of F.S.I Check Building file for details of any extra requirements. 						
Required Record of Keeping Fire Safety Installations (F.S.I)	L = log book required R = record of maintenance required T = Metal tag on F.S.I or service details/service label (Y) = Weekly test may be omitted refer AS 1851-2005						

Camp Gan Izzy – Physical Environment Policy

Fire Fighting Equipment

Special Fire Service	Inspection Procedure s for FSI	Require d Record Keeping for FSI	Maintenance Schedule					Annual Survey of	Maintena nce		
Service			W k	Mt h	3Mt h	6Mt h	12Mt h	3Y r	5y r	Installatio n	Standard or Building Preferenc
Fire Mains	1					Y	Y	Y			1851- Section 2 & 4
Fire Hydrants (including internal & external hydrants, boosters connection/s and water storage tanks	2	L-T				Y	Y		Y	Y	1851- Section 4
Fire Pump sets	2	L-T	(Y)	Y		Y	Y		Y	Y	1852 – Section 3
Fire Hose Reels	2	R-T				Y	Y			Y	1851- Section 14
Fire Extinguishers (Portable)	2	R-T				Y	Y		Y	Y	1851- Section 15

External agencies will be employed to assist the service with this maintenance if no currently employed staff or carers are qualified to complete the maintenance checks.

Water safety

The swimming pool of the centre was built before 1996. To stop accidents and illnesses relating to swimming pools, wading pools, water troughs and other water situations our service will:

- Remove any items or objects that could be used to climb into the fenced area of a pool, trough, or water storage unit e.g. chairs, bins, bikes, any overhanging trees.
- Make sure no child swims in any water without:
 - Written permission from family member to learn water safety and swimming.
 - Appropriate carers/child ratios in place
 - Having sufficient numbers of carers present who have first aid and recognised award experience in water safety and rescue procedures.
- At all times children near water are closely supervised. A child will never be left unattended near any water, and two carers must supervise if children are using a paddling pool/water trough.
- Display a Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) guide near any water. Ensure pool filters and chemicals are inaccessible to children.
- Ensure that all water containers, e.g. pond's, spas, nappy buckets, bathtubs are covered or made inaccessible to children and also make sure children's play areas are safely fenced off from water hazards such as rivers, dams, creeks, lakes, irrigation channels, wells etc.
- Immediately empty all wading pools/water troughs etc. after every use, storage should prevent the collection of water e.g. upright/inverted, also check grounds after rain or watering and empty water that has collected in holes or containers.
- Ensure wading/water trough are hygienically cleaned, disinfected and chlorinated appropriately:
 - On a daily basis remove leaves and debris, hose away surface dirt and scrub inside with disinfectant.
 - Wash away disinfectant before filling pool/trough.
 - Add Chlorine to pool before children used the pool.
 - Check chlorine levels frequently.
 - Children with diarrhoea, upset stomach, open sores or nasal infections should not use the pool.
 - All children should wear appropriate bathers, go to the toilet before entering the pool, and follow correct toileting hygiene practices while in the pool.
 - Remove all children immediately, empty and disinfect the pool should a child pass a bowel motion whilst in the pool.
- Maintain swimming pool according to Public Swimming pool and Spa Guidelines.
- Refer to water safety Policy

Back Care and Manual Handling

Remember:

- Manual handling means any activity requiring the use of force exerted by the person to lift, lower, push, pull, carry or otherwise move, hold or restrain any person or object.
- Manual handling injuries may be caused by the activities listed above. Injuries can include back strains, similar strains and sprains in parts of the body such as the neck, arm, shoulder and knee.
- Manual handling injuries also encompass overuse injuries or, as a result of falling during manual handling, bruising or laceration.

Recommendations:

- As working with children is physically demanding, it is wise to do warm-up exercises for three to five minutes before starting work. This is particularly important during cold periods as muscles and tendons are more likely to be damaged when cold. Simple exercises to warm and stretch all the major muscle groups will help prevent injury.
- In addition, regular exercise such as walking, tennis, golf or aerobics will help condition
 muscles but anyone with neck, back or muscular problems should see a doctor before
 exercising.
- To help prevent injuries, there are legal requirements for manual handling in the workplace.

The employer, in consultation with staff/educators will:

- Provide you annually with training in Manual Handling and Back Care.
- Display in the staff room written information regarding manual handling and any updates as required.
- Make sure that equipment and containers are designed and maintained to be, as far as workable, safe and without risk to health and safety when manually handled.
- Make sure that the work practices involving manual handling and the work environment are designed to be, as far as workable, consistent with safe manual handling activities.
- Identify, assess and control all risks associated with manual handling in each workplace.
- Clearly mark any equipment which requires more than one person to lift or move it.

Principles of Preventing Manual Handling Injuries

- 1. Eliminate or reduce the amount of manual handling.
- 2. Reduce the amount of bending, forward reaching, and twisting, in all tasks.
- 3. Reduce worker fatigue.
- 4. Keep all equipment in good working order.
- 5. Keep the workplace environment safe.

To help prevent manual handling injuries:

- Kneel down rather than bend down.
 - For example, helping a child to put their shoes on.
- Sit down rather than bend.
 - For example, if a child needs comforting, sit down on the floor and encourage the child to sit on your lap.
- Sit in an appropriate sized chair or on the floor.
 - A suitable chair allows an adult to sit with upper legs horizontal to hips and feet flat on the floor.
- Carry children only when necessary.
 - The correct way to carry a child is with one arm under the child's buttocks and the other arm supporting the child's back. At the same time, hold the child facing you, as close to your body as possible.
 - Adults should try to avoid carrying a child on their hip because this can strain the back.
- When lifting awkward loads, be careful to lift with a balanced and comfortable posture.
- Minimise the need to reach above shoulder level.
 - If necessary use a step ladder.
- · Avoid extended reaching forward,
 - For example, leaning into low equipment boxes.
- Share the load if the equipment is heavy, long or awkward.
- When sliding, pulling or pushing equipment that is not easy to move, e.g. trestles or gym mats, ask for help and organise a team lift.
- Where possible, rearrange surroundings to meet the needs of both children and adults. Remember these needs when buying furniture and equipment or upgrading facilities.
- Use equipment and furniture that can be moved around as safely and easily as possible.
- To complete lengthy writing tasks, e.g. program planning, sit at an appropriate adult sized chair at an adult sized table.

Avoid Twisting when Lifting

Many injuries result from twisting while lifting. To avoid this:

- Move equipment when children are not around.
- Rearrange storage so that it is easier and safer to replace and remove items.
- Lift only within the limits of your strength.
- Use beds and equipment that are easy to move.
- Make sure you can see where you are going when carrying equipment or children.
- Be especially careful when lifting a child with special needs.

Avoid Accidents with Careful Housekeeping

Good housekeeping means fewer accidents. Check that:

- The floors and other walking surfaces are uncluttered, even and non-slippery.
- The workplace is tidy.
- There is adequate space to perform each task.
- Equipment is maintained regularly.
- Lighting is adequate.

How to Lift Safely

- 1. Place your feet in a stride position.
- 2. Keep your breastbone as elevated as possible.
- 3. Bend your knees.
- 4. Brace your stomach muscles.
- 5. Hold the object close to your centre of gravity, i.e. around your navel.
- 6. Move your feet not your spine.
- 7. Prepare to move in a forward-facing direction
- 8. Ask for help when it is not possible to lift on your own.

How to Organise a Team Lift.

- 1. Ask a colleague who is willing and able to help.

 Ideally the colleague should be fairly well matched with you in size and strength.
- 2. Agree on a plan of action.

A coordinated movement during a lift is important.

3. Timing is important for co-ordination.

One person should act as a team leader and 'call' the lift.

How to Assess the Correct Storage and Shelving Height

Correct storage and shelving height is important to prevent slips, falls and strains:

To check the height at which it is safest for each individual to work, stand with feet together and hands by sides:

- The best height range for handling loads is around waist level.
- The acceptable height for lifting is any point between the individual's knuckle and shoulder.
- **Seldom-used objects** can be stored at the shoulder-to-raised arm height (use ladders to avoid stretching).
- Avoid storing objects at a level between an individual's knuckles and the floor.
- Mechanical aids such as ladders and trolleys should be used where possible to avoid lifting.

Sources

Australian Standards 1851-2005 "Maintenance of Fire Protection Systems and Equipment" Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011
Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000
Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2001
National Quality Standard
Swimming Pools Act 1992

Review

The policy will be reviewed annually.

Review will be conducted by:

- Management
- Employees
- Families
- Interested Parties

Reviewed: 21 February 2017 Date for next review: 21 February 2017